

# Fermanagh Club Mentoring 2013:



"Sport Science in YOUR CLUB"



Delivered by Kevin McGuigan, Sport Scientist, Ulster GAA Follow me on Twitter: <a href="mailto:okevinmcguigan83">okevinmcguigan83</a>





# What will you get from this session?

- An introduction to a range of sport science concepts;
- How each concept can impact on performance / training;
- The application of sport science at elite level; &
- •How can you apply the concept to your club setting?



GPPSUM

# Fitness Testing



•Who – which players to test: age groups?

•What – components of fitness – last week's session?

•When – time of year – how often?

•Where – location / venue?

•Why – purpose, long term / short term?

How — the protocol for testing?

#### Resource:

http://www.ulstergaa.ie/wpcontent/uploads/coaching/articles/general/Fitness-Test-Procedures-May-2012.pdf



# Fitness Testing: The ongoing measurement tool?



By testing club players regularly, 2/3 times per year, we can begin to establish a database within the club, with the following uses;

- •Is training serving it's purpose are individuals getting fitter short term?
- •How are individuals progressing on an annual basis long term?
- •The club can develop 'normative data' for each age group;
- •Identify aspects of fitness that need prioritised for the incoming year;
- •Is the club progressing on an annual basis, in terms of fitness long term?
- •Reference points for players to aim at to progress to the next level;
- •Individual and team goal setting from the point of view of fitness;
- A tool to monitor adherence to personal training plans;
- •Any others?





## **Heart Rate Monitoring**



- •What is heart rate?
- •The body's 'rev counter'. A measurement of how hard the heart and lungs (CV System) are working to power the body.
- •Match data has shown that at senior level a player's heart rate will <u>average</u> 80-90% of their maximum over the course of a game (dependent on position);
- •This equates to 160 180 beats per minute *on average*;
- •A total of between 9600 10800 beats over a 60 minute game;
- •How is heart rate analysis applied at elite level?
- •How can we apply it within our club?



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# **Heart Rate Monitoring**

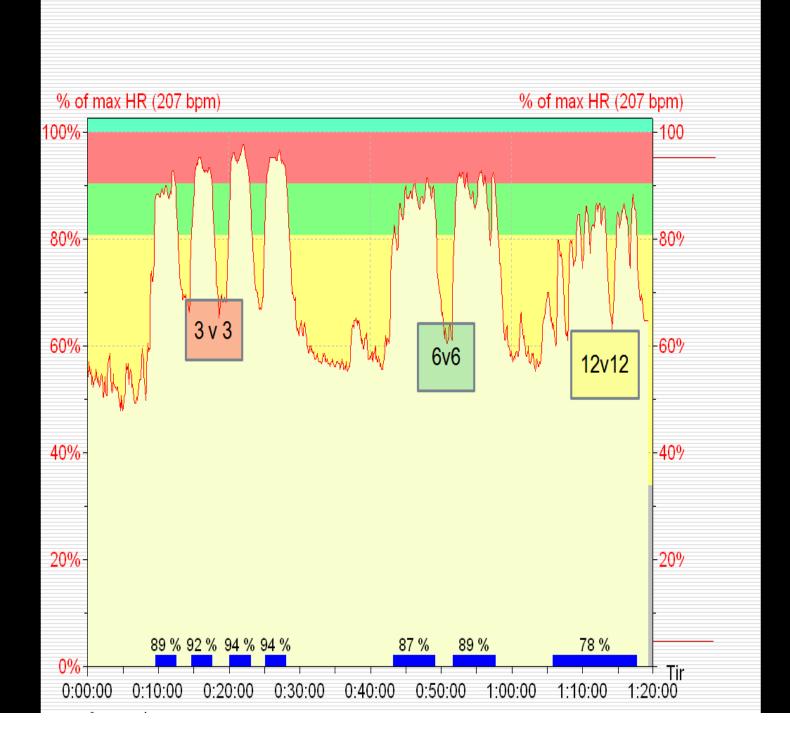


- •How can a knowledge of *game based heart rate requirements* impact our club training?
  - Matching training intensity to game based intensity;
  - Skill execution at high intensity;
  - Decision making at high intensity;
  - Maintaining high intensity;
  - There are exceptions to 'high intensity' training;
    - •When?



# FUNDAMENTALS. (Step 1& 2) What are we looking to do?









# **HR Analysis: Resources**

- Ulster GAA Website / Coaching / Articles;
- Coaching Conferences listed down the left of the page;
- •Resource 1: Developing High Intensity Hurling (Ulster GAA Conference 2010)
- •http://ulster.gaa.ie/coaching/articles/coaching-conference-2010/
- •Resource 2: Developing High Intensity Football (Ulster GAA Conference 2011);
- •http://ulster.gaa.ie/coaching/articles/coaching-conference-2011/





# **GPS Analysis**



- •What is GPS Analysis?
- Demonstration of software;
- What can it measure;
  - Distance (Totals, Intervals, Per Minute);
  - Speed (Walk, Jog, ½ Pace, ¾ Pace, Sprint);
  - Speed Thresholds (Distance, Time, Percentages);
  - Accelerations / Decelerations (What does this mean?);
  - Linked Heart Rate Analysis (Why is this important?)
  - Direction (Angles / Curves / Directional Changes)
- •How is it used at elite level?
- •How can it be applied at club level?



# **GPS Analysis**



#### ·How can a knowledge of GPS Analysis impact our club training?

- •Realistically, practical application can impact very little;
- •However, it is important to stay up to date and pay attention to findings from work at elite level;
- •In particular, distances covered, positional differences identified, relationships between various parameters and relative success;

#### **Example of a notable finding;**

During a warm up with my senior club team last year, I covered adistance of 1549m. 1175m of this distance was at a jog pace, or below, with 263 in the ½ pace zone, 111m at ¾ pace, and no recorded sprint distance.

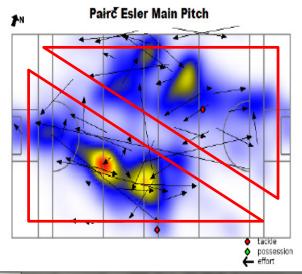
#### **Discuss**



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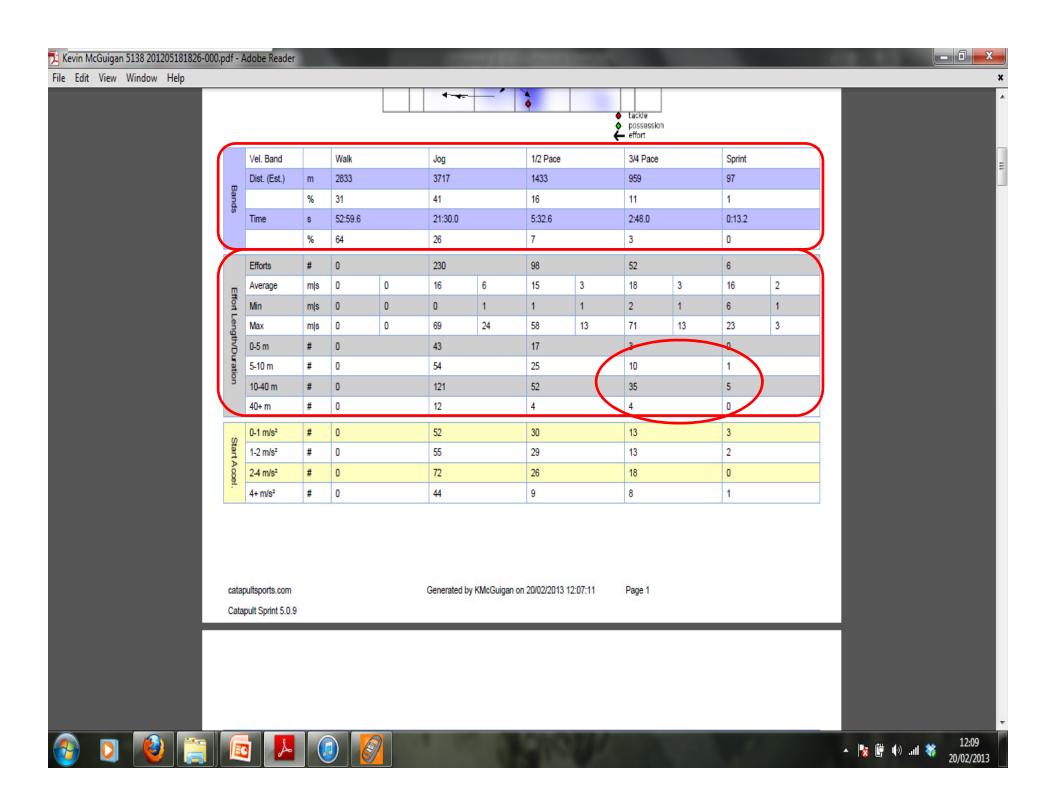












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# **GPS Analysis**



•Discuss the selection of figures displayed, and use the copy provided to outline 2 ways this information could influence your club training.

Questions on GPS





## **Statistics**



- Numbers;
- Figures;
- ·Facts.
- •Do we regularly employ statistics to measure performance?

NO

- •Is it possible to <u>track improvement / deterioration</u> in both individual and team performance through ongoing statistical analysis?

  YES
- •Can we identify <u>strengths / areas for improvement</u> in our own squad through statistics?

  YES





# **Statistics: Tips**



- Level of use depends on support available;
- Try to utilise people within the club (students, underage mentors etc);
- •Use pre season challenge games to gather as many statistics as possible;
  - **1. Team Performance** (Breakdown of turnovers, shooting, defensive play, passing etc);
  - 2. Individual Performance (Handling success, passing, shooting etc);
- Identify the strengths / weaknesses of the team;
  - Set targets for next games;
- Identify one strength / weakness for each player;
  - Set an individual target for each player for next game.
- Review targets achieved / missed going forward;
- Display graphs / stats in the changing room for players to feel they are responsible for delivering positive trends



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# **Statistics: Tips**



- •With regular collection of similar statistics you should be able to develop a 'performance index';
- What does 'Performance Index' mean;
  - •A single number that is provided to a player as a measurement of their impact on the match play. This number should incorporate all the factors of the game that have been measured, with each factor weighted according to importance perceived by the players / management.



# Statistics: The Benefits? <u>Discuss in Your Groups</u>

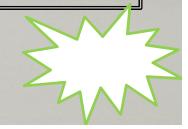


#### **Benefits to Players**

- Knowing strengths;
- Knowing weaknesses;
- Stimulates competitive instinct;
- Seeing evidence of improvement;
- Evidence to support manager observations;
- •Identifying with what is important to performance;
- Understanding training focus;
- •Improve focus / concentration on key skills during performance;

#### **Benefits to Management**

- Knowing strengths;
- Knowing weaknesses;
- Guide training planning;
- Measure improvements;
- Monitor if an area is beginning to deteriorate;
- •Motivation of individuals and team with targets;
- •Can back up half time / full time analysis with **FACTS**;
- •Introduce intra-squad competition.





# Fermanagh Club Mentoring Programme 2013



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**Thank You For Listening!**